Time and Place: Hunting Evil with Atemporal Time Line Analysis

Doing it Weird
Ob bio

A Trusted Signal for a dangerous world

dave hull
@davehull I'm here:
Recently realized I know nothing. I don't do dongles.
http://trustedsignal.com

Windows Registry Forensics

metasploit®

COMPUTER FORENSICS
and Incident Response with Rob Lee
time lines

brief intro by way of a case study...

– case background:
  • Discovered in Q1 2011
  • irc bot <- yeah, old skool
reality

Photo source - http://www.flickr.com/photos/zeevveez/
investigative plan

where’s the attacker’s code?
how’d they get in?
what did they do/take?
investigative methodology

In the diagram:

- **Incident Response And Evidence Acquisition**
  - Verification
  - System Description
  - Evidence Acquisition

- **Investigation and Analysis**
  - String or Byte Search
  - Media Analysis
  - Data Recovery
  - Timeline Analysis

- **Reporting Results**

Source – SANS Forensics 508: Advanced Computer Forensic Analysis and Incident Response
traditional time lines

taunting the demo gods
new school time lines

Source – http://log2timeline.net
a·tem·po·ral

“considered without relation to time”
file systems: how do they work?
metadata

Photo source - http://www.flickr.com/photos/deborahfitchett

Trusted Signal: A·tem·po·ral
metadata demo
towards automation

https://github.com/davehull/body-outliers
Automated Digital Evidence Target Definition Using Outlier Analysis and Existing Evidence

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Abstract

Searching for digital evidence is a time consuming and error-prone process. In this paper, we introduce techniques to automate the searching process by suggesting what searches could be helpful. We also use data mining techniques to find files and directories creations more thorough and accurate because the tool keeps track of what searches still need to be conducted. We implemented four analysis tools and one suggested additional searches based on existing evidence and the other three used different outlier analysis algorithms. The implementations were run on the file system data from a compromised Linux system.

meta attributes as spatial pts

function $g(x_i)$ returns a summary metric for the points in the neighborhood $NN_k(x_i)$. For example, the average attribute value for the directory. The basic concept of spatial outlier detection is to compare the attribute function $f(x_i)$ with the group summary $g(x_i)$ using a comparison function $h()$ to detect if the attribute of $x_i$ is different from its neighbors.

false positives are high

When we look at the combined results we see that the last changed time (C-time) has a high success rate, but less than 10% of the files identified using other attributes were actually related to the incident. Using a $\theta$ value of 2 or 3 has little impact because some accuracy rates increase and others decrease.

future dev

• Find outliers for meta element within the set of another meta element, i.e.
  – for files created on a given day, what is the average metadata address, what are the outliers?
  – for files in a given metadata address range, what are the date outliers?
future dev

• combine with external data sources, i.e.
  – are outliers packed?
  – correlate with autoruns

• graphing, i.e.
  – scatterplot metadata as spatial points per Carrier

• ...
questions?

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Thank you